

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2025

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 001-35839

ENANTA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

04-3205099
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

4 Kingsbury Avenue
Watertown, Massachusetts
(Address of principal executive offices)

02472
(Zip Code)

(Registrants telephone number, including area code:) (617) 607-0800

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	ENTA	NASDAQ

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of August 5, 2025, the registrant had 21,377,923 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, outstanding.

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NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("Quarterly Report") contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") about us and our industry that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this Quarterly Report, including statements regarding our future results of operations and financial condition, business strategy and plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. In some cases, forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "design," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "potentially," "predict," "project," "should," "will" or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions. We caution you that the foregoing list may not encompass all of the forward-looking statements made in this Quarterly Report.

Forward-looking statements are based on our management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available. These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including risks described in the section titled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 and as updated in Item 1A herein.

PART I—UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ENANTA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(unaudited)
(in thousands, except per share data)

	June 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 44,812	\$ 37,233
Short-term marketable securities	159,299	210,953
Accounts receivable	8,333	6,646
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	10,240	12,413
Income tax receivable	24	31,999
Short-term restricted cash	—	608
Total current assets	222,708	299,852
Property and equipment, net	36,617	32,688
Operating lease, right-of-use assets	38,250	40,658
Long-term restricted cash	3,360	3,360
Other long-term assets	94	94
Total assets	\$ 301,029	\$ 376,652
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,547	\$ 8,002
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	10,853	13,547
Liability related to the sale of future royalties	27,755	34,462
Operating lease liabilities	2,394	1,524
Total current liabilities	44,549	57,535
Liability related to the sale of future royalties, net of current portion	119,943	134,779
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion	55,656	53,943
Series 1 nonconvertible preferred stock	1,350	1,350
Other long-term liabilities	252	231
Total liabilities	221,750	247,838
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock; \$0.01 par value per share, 100,000 shares authorized; 21,378 and 21,194 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2025 and September 30, 2024, respectively	214	212
Additional paid-in capital	465,696	451,340
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) gain	(402)	302
Accumulated deficit	(386,229)	(323,040)
Total stockholders' equity	79,279	128,814
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 301,029	\$ 376,652

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ENANTA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(unaudited)
(in thousands, except per share data)

	<u>Three Months Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Nine Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Revenue				
Royalty revenue	\$ 18,314	\$ 17,971	\$ 50,199	\$ 53,028
Total revenue	<u>18,314</u>	<u>17,971</u>	<u>50,199</u>	<u>53,028</u>
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	27,210	28,742	82,931	100,698
General and administrative	9,997	13,414	34,231	44,167
Total operating expenses	<u>37,207</u>	<u>42,156</u>	<u>117,162</u>	<u>144,865</u>
Loss from operations	<u>(18,893)</u>	<u>(24,185)</u>	<u>(66,963)</u>	<u>(91,837)</u>
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense	(1,618)	(2,355)	(5,294)	(8,359)
Interest and investment income, net	2,285	3,487	7,376	11,594
Total other income, net	<u>667</u>	<u>1,132</u>	<u>2,082</u>	<u>3,235</u>
Loss before income taxes	<u>(18,226)</u>	<u>(23,053)</u>	<u>(64,881)</u>	<u>(88,602)</u>
Income tax (expense) benefit	(29)	395	1,692	1,380
Net loss	<u>\$ (18,255)</u>	<u>\$ (22,658)</u>	<u>\$ (63,189)</u>	<u>\$ (87,222)</u>
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	<u>\$ (0.85)</u>	<u>\$ (1.07)</u>	<u>\$ (2.96)</u>	<u>\$ (4.12)</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	<u>21,377</u>	<u>21,180</u>	<u>21,322</u>	<u>21,145</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ENANTA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(unaudited)
(in thousands)

	<u>Three Months Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Nine Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Net loss	\$ (18,255)	\$ (22,658)	\$ (63,189)	\$ (87,222)
Other comprehensive (loss) income:				
Net unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities	(178)	14	(704)	521
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(178)	14	(704)	521
Comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (18,433)</u>	<u>\$ (22,644)</u>	<u>\$ (63,893)</u>	<u>\$ (86,701)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ENANTA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(unaudited)
(in thousands)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount				
Balances, September 30, 2024	21,194	\$ 212	\$ 451,340	\$ 302	\$ (323,040)	\$ 128,814
Exercise of stock options	11	—	94	—	—	94
Vesting of restricted stock units, net of withholding	128	1	(138)	—	—	(137)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	5,666	—	—	5,666
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(331)	—	(331)
Net loss	—	—	—	—	(22,290)	(22,290)
Balances, December 31, 2024	21,333	\$ 213	\$ 456,962	\$ (29)	\$ (345,330)	\$ 111,816
Vesting of restricted stock units, net of withholding	44	1	(128)	—	—	(127)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	4,688	—	—	4,688
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(195)	—	(195)
Net loss	—	—	—	—	(22,644)	(22,644)
Balances, March 31, 2025	21,377	\$ 214	\$ 461,522	\$ (224)	\$ (367,974)	\$ 93,538
Vesting of restricted stock units, net of withholding	1	—	(3)	—	—	(3)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	4,177	—	—	4,177
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(178)	—	(178)
Net loss	—	—	—	—	(18,255)	(18,255)
Balances, June 30, 2025	21,378	\$ 214	\$ 465,696	\$ (402)	\$ (386,229)	\$ 79,279

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount				
Balances, September 30, 2023	21,059	\$ 211	\$ 424,693	\$ (1,174)	\$ (206,995)	\$ 216,735
Vesting of restricted stock units, net of withholding	97	1	(184)	—	—	(183)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	8,099	—	—	8,099
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	640	—	640
Net loss	—	—	—	—	(33,407)	(33,407)
Balances, December 31, 2023	21,156	\$ 212	\$ 432,608	\$ (534)	\$ (240,402)	\$ 191,884
Exercise of stock options	6	—	51	—	—	51
Vesting of restricted stock units, net of withholding	17	—	(92)	—	—	(92)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	5,561	—	—	5,561
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(133)	—	(133)
Net loss	—	—	—	—	(31,157)	(31,157)
Balances, March 31, 2024	21,179	\$ 212	\$ 438,128	\$ (667)	\$ (271,559)	\$ 166,114
Exercise of stock options	3	—	28	—	—	28
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	5,417	—	—	5,417
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	14	—	14
Net loss	—	—	—	—	(22,658)	(22,658)
Balances, June 30, 2024	21,182	\$ 212	\$ 443,573	\$ (653)	\$ (294,217)	\$ 148,915

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ENANTA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(unaudited)
(in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended June 30.	
	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (63,189)	\$ (87,222)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Stock-based compensation expense	14,531	19,077
Depreciation and amortization expense	3,302	1,857
Non-cash interest associated with the sale of future royalties	(1,399)	(620)
Non-cash royalty revenue	(2,020)	514
Amortization of premiums on marketable securities	1,461	64
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	6	—
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(1,687)	438
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,173	(1,997)
Income tax receivable	31,975	(1,451)
Operating lease, right-of-use assets	3,607	4,558
Other long-term assets	—	698
Accounts payable	(588)	1,124
Accrued expenses	(2,360)	(6,047)
Operating lease liabilities	1,384	1,079
Other long-term liabilities	21	(436)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(12,783)</u>	<u>(68,364)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of marketable securities	(141,008)	(307,283)
Proceeds from maturities and sale of marketable securities	190,497	355,442
Purchase of property and equipment	(11,438)	(8,997)
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>38,051</u>	<u>39,162</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Payments on royalty sale liability, net of imputed interest	(18,124)	(20,215)
Payments for settlement of share-based awards	(267)	(275)
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	94	79
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(18,297)</u>	<u>(20,411)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	6,971	(49,613)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	41,201	89,356
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	<u>\$ 48,172</u>	<u>\$ 39,743</u>
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash information:		
Purchases of fixed assets included in accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,396	\$ 6,416
Operating lease liabilities arising from obtaining right-of-use assets	\$ 1,199	\$ 22,975
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 7,185	\$ 9,187
Cash received from tenant improvement allowances	\$ 5,146	\$ 4,622
Cash received from income tax refund	\$ 33,785	\$ —

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ENANTA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)
(amounts in thousands, except per share data)

1. Nature of the Business and Basis of Presentation

Enanta Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (collectively with its subsidiary, the “Company”), incorporated in Delaware in 1995, is a biotechnology company that uses its robust, chemistry-driven approach and drug discovery capabilities to discover and develop small molecule drugs for virology and immunology indications. The Company discovered glecaprevir, the second of two antiviral protease inhibitors developed through its collaboration with AbbVie for the treatment of acute or chronic infection with hepatitis C virus, or HCV. Glecaprevir is co-formulated as part of AbbVie’s leading brand of direct-acting antiviral, or DAA, combination treatment for HCV, which has been marketed under the tradenames MAVYRET[®] (U.S.) and MAVIRET[®] (ex-U.S.) (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) since 2017.

The Company is subject to many of the risks common to companies in the biotechnology industry, including but not limited to, the uncertainties of research and development, competition from technological innovations of others, dependence on collaborative arrangements, protection of proprietary technology, dependence on key personnel and compliance with government regulation. Product candidates currently under development will require significant additional research and development efforts, including extensive preclinical and clinical testing and regulatory approvals, prior to commercialization. These efforts require significant amounts of capital, adequate personnel and infrastructure, and extensive compliance reporting capabilities.

Unaudited Interim Financial Information

The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2024 was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”). The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2025 and for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) for interim financial statements. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the Company’s financial position as of June 30, 2025 and results of operations for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 and cash flows for the nine months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 have been made. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that may be expected for subsequent quarters or the year ending September 30, 2025.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GAAP. All amounts in the condensed consolidated financial statements and in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements, except per share amounts, are in thousands unless otherwise indicated.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared based on continuity of operations, realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities and commitments in the ordinary course of business. The Company began reporting a net loss in fiscal 2020 and reported a net loss of \$63,189 for the nine months ended June 30, 2025 and \$116,045 for the year ended September 30, 2024. As of June 30, 2025, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$386,229. The Company expects to continue to generate operating losses for the foreseeable future as the Company continues to advance its wholly-owned programs. As of June 30, 2025, the Company had \$204,111 in cash, cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities. The Company expects that its cash, cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities will be sufficient to fund its operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements for at least 12 months from the issuance date of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company may seek additional funding through equity offerings, non-dilutive financings, collaborations, strategic alliances or licensing agreements. The Company may not be able to obtain sufficient financing on acceptable terms, or at all, and the Company may not be able to enter into collaborations or other arrangements. The terms of any financing may adversely affect the holdings or the rights of the Company’s stockholders. If the Company is unable to obtain funding, the Company could be forced to delay, reduce or eliminate some or all of its research and development programs, product expansion or commercialization efforts, or the Company may be unable to continue operations.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For the Company's Significant Accounting Policies, please refer to its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Any reference in these notes to applicable guidance is meant to refer to the authoritative GAAP as found in the Accounting Standards Codification and Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB").

Use of Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions reflected in these condensed consolidated financial statements include, but are not limited to, management's judgments with respect to its revenue arrangements; liability related to the sale of future royalties; valuation of stock-based awards and the accrual of research and development expenses. Estimates are periodically reviewed in light of changes in circumstances, facts and experience.

Net Loss per Share

Basic net loss per common share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. In periods in which the Company has reported a net loss, diluted net loss per common share is the same as basic net loss per common share since dilutive common shares are not assumed to have been issued if their effect is anti-dilutive. Therefore, the Company excluded the following potential common shares, presented based on amounts outstanding at each period end, from the computation of diluted net loss as its effect would have been anti-dilutive:

	As of June 30,	
	2025	2024
	(in thousands)	
Options to purchase common stock	5,953	5,236
Unvested rTSRUs	93	92
Unvested PSUs	93	92
Unvested restricted stock units	414	436

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, *Segment Reporting (Topic 280)* ("ASU 2023-07"), which requires public entities to disclose information about their reportable segments' significant expenses and other segment items on an interim and annual basis. Public entities with a single reportable segment are required to apply the disclosure requirements in ASU 2023-07, as well as all existing segment disclosures and reconciliation requirements in ASC 280 on an interim and annual basis. This amendment is effective for the Company in the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2024, and interim periods within the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2025, on a retrospective basis with early adoption permitted. This accounting standard will require additional disclosures about segment information, however, the Company does not expect ASU 2023-07 to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740)* ("ASU 2023-09"), which requires public entities, on an annual basis, to provide disclosure of specific categories in the rate reconciliation, as well as disclosure of income taxes paid disaggregated by jurisdiction. ASU 2023-09 is effective for the Company in the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2025, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact that ASU 2023-09 may have on its financial statement disclosures.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income – Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40)* ("ASU 2024-03"), which requires public entities to provide disaggregated disclosure of income statement expenses. Public entities are required to disaggregate, in a tabular presentation, each relevant expense caption on the face of the consolidated statements of operations such as the following expenses: purchases of inventory, employee compensation, intangible asset amortization, and depreciation. ASU 2024-03 is effective for the Company in the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2027, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact that ASU 2024-03 may have on its financial statement disclosures.

3. Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The following tables present information about the Company's financial assets and liabilities that were subject to fair value measurement on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2025 and September 30, 2024, and indicate the fair value hierarchy of the valuation inputs utilized to determine such fair value:

	Fair Value Measurements as of June 30, 2025 Using:			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	(in thousands)			
Assets:				
Cash equivalents:				
Money market funds	\$ 28,119	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 28,119
Marketable securities:				
U.S. Treasury notes	159,299	—	—	159,299
	<u>\$ 187,418</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 187,418</u>
Liabilities:				
Series 1 nonconvertible preferred stock	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,350	\$ 1,350
	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 1,350</u>	<u>\$ 1,350</u>
	Fair Value Measurements as of September 30, 2024 Using:			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	(in thousands)			
Assets:				
Cash equivalents:				
Money market funds	\$ 33,448	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 33,448
Marketable securities:				
U.S. Treasury notes	210,953	—	—	210,953
	<u>\$ 244,401</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 244,401</u>
Liabilities:				
Series 1 nonconvertible preferred stock	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,350	\$ 1,350
	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 1,350</u>	<u>\$ 1,350</u>

During the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3.

The fair value of Level 1 instruments are valued using quoted prices in active markets. The fair value of Level 2 instruments classified as marketable securities are typically determined through third-party pricing services. The pricing services use many observable market inputs to determine value, including reportable trades, benchmark yields, credit spreads, broker/dealer quotes, bids, offers, and current spot rates.

The 1,930 outstanding shares of Series 1 nonconvertible preferred stock as of June 30, 2025 and September 30, 2024 are measured at fair value. These outstanding shares are financial instruments that might require a transfer of assets because of the liquidation features in the contract and are therefore recorded as liabilities and measured at fair value. The fair value of the outstanding shares is based on significant inputs not observable in the market, which represent a Level 3 measurement within the fair value hierarchy. The Company utilizes a probability-weighted valuation model which takes into consideration various outcomes that may require the Company to transfer assets upon liquidation. Changes in the fair values of the Series 1 nonconvertible preferred stock are recognized in other income (expense) in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The recurring Level 3 fair value measurements of the Company's outstanding Series 1 nonconvertible preferred stock using probability-weighted discounted cash flow include the following significant unobservable inputs:

Unobservable Input	Range	
	June 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
Probabilities of payout	0%-65%	0%-65%
Discount rate	9.00%	9.00%

There were no changes in the fair value of nonconvertible preferred stock during the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

In April 2023, the Company entered into a royalty sale agreement with an affiliate of OMERS, pursuant to which the Company was paid a \$200,000 cash purchase price in exchange for 54.5% of future quarterly royalty payments on net sales of MAVYRET/MAVIRET, after June 30, 2023, through June 30, 2032, subject to a cap on aggregate payments equal to 1.42 times the purchase price. The Company accounted for the upfront payment as a liability related to the sale of future royalties. The carrying value of the liability related to the sale of future royalties approximates fair value as of June 30, 2025 and is based on current estimates of future royalties expected to be paid to OMERS over the next 7 years, which are considered Level 3 inputs. See Note 8 for a rollforward of the liability.

4. Marketable Securities

As of June 30, 2025 and September 30, 2024, the fair value of available-for-sale marketable securities, by type of security, was as follows:

	June 30, 2025				
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Credit Losses	Fair Value
			(in thousands)		
U.S. Treasury notes	\$ 159,317	\$ 41	\$ (59)	\$ —	\$ 159,299
	<u>\$ 159,317</u>	<u>\$ 41</u>	<u>\$ (59)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 159,299</u>
	September 30, 2024				
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Credit Losses	Fair Value
			(in thousands)		
U.S. Treasury notes	\$ 210,267	\$ 686	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 210,953
	<u>\$ 210,267</u>	<u>\$ 686</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 210,953</u>

As of June 30, 2025 and September 30, 2024, marketable securities consisted of investments that mature within one year.

5. Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following as of June 30, 2025 and September 30, 2024:

	June 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
		(in thousands)
Leasehold improvements	\$ 36,823	\$ 13,975
Laboratory and office equipment	16,092	15,701
Furniture	3,404	3,117
Computer equipment	859	1,101
Purchased software	615	1,093
Construction in progress	1,345	22,748
	<u>59,138</u>	<u>57,735</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(22,521)	(25,047)
	<u>\$ 36,617</u>	<u>\$ 32,688</u>

As of September 30, 2024, construction in progress related primarily to leasehold improvements for the new laboratory and office space located at 4 Kingsbury Avenue in Watertown, Massachusetts. We moved into the facility in November 2024 and placed substantially all of those costs into service at that time.

6. Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities consisted of the following as of June 30, 2025 and September 30, 2024:

	June 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
	(in thousands)	
Accrued payroll and related expenses	\$ 4,773	\$ 6,570
Accrued research and development expenses	2,448	3,087
Accrued professional fees	1,305	1,332
Accrued pharmaceutical drug manufacturing	1,358	930
Accrued other	969	1,628
	<u>\$ 10,853</u>	<u>\$ 13,547</u>

7. AbbVie Collaboration

The Company has a Collaborative Development and License Agreement (as amended, the “AbbVie Agreement”), with AbbVie to identify, develop and commercialize HCV NS3 and NS3/4A protease inhibitor compounds, including paritaprevir and glecaprevir, under which the Company has received license payments, proceeds from a sale of preferred stock, research funding payments, milestone payments and royalties totaling approximately \$1,341,000 through June 30, 2025. Since the Company satisfied all of its performance obligations under the AbbVie Agreement by the end of fiscal 2011, all milestone payments received since then have been recognized as revenue when the milestones were achieved by AbbVie.

The Company is receiving annually tiered royalties per Company protease product ranging from ten percent up to twenty percent, or on a blended basis from ten percent up to the high teens, on the portion of AbbVie’s calendar year net sales of each HCV regimen that is allocated to the protease inhibitor in the regimen. Beginning with each January 1, the cumulative net sales of a given royalty-bearing protease inhibitor product start at zero for purposes of calculating the tiered royalties on a product-by-product basis.

8. Liability Related to the Sale of Future Royalties

In April 2023, the Company entered into a royalty sale agreement with an affiliate of OMERS, pursuant to which the Company was paid a \$200,000 cash purchase price in exchange for 54.5% of future quarterly royalty payments on net sales of MAVYRET/MAVIRET, after June 30, 2023, through June 30, 2032, subject to a cap on aggregate payments equal to 1.42 times the purchase price.

Because the royalty sale agreement will be paid back to OMERS up to a capped amount as well as the Company’s significant continuing involvement in the generation of future cash flows under its AbbVie Agreement, the Company recorded the proceeds from the transaction as a liability on its condensed consolidated balance sheets which will be amortized as interest expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations under the effective interest rate method over the life of the royalty sale agreement. The Company will continue to record the full amount of royalties earned on MAVYRET/MAVIRET sales as royalty revenue in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The Company’s liability related to the sale of future royalties is estimated based on forecasted worldwide MAVYRET/MAVYRET royalties to be paid to OMERS over the course of the royalty sale agreement. This estimate requires significant judgment, including the amount and timing of royalty payments up until the end of the royalty sale agreement, which is estimated to be the stated term of June 30, 2032. As royalties are earned by OMERS, the liability is reduced on the Company’s condensed consolidated balance sheets.

At June 30, 2025, the estimated future cash flows resulted in an effective annual imputed interest rate of approximately 4.1%.

The following table summarizes the activity of the liability related to the sale of future royalties:

	Liability related to the sale of future royalties	
	(in thousands)	
Balance - September 30, 2024	\$	169,241
Royalty payable to purchaser		(9,981)
Payments on royalty sale liability		(17,375)
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest of \$519		5,813
Balance - June 30, 2025	\$	147,698

9. Stock-Based Awards

The Company grants stock-based awards, including stock options, restricted stock units and other unit awards under its 2019 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2019 Plan”), which was approved by its stockholders on February 28, 2019 and amended in March 2021, March 2022, March 2023, March 2024, December 2024, and March 2025, and its 2024 Inducement Stock Incentive Plan, which was adopted by the Board of Directors in April 2024 and amended in December 2024 for awards to new employees. The Company also has outstanding stock option awards under its 2012 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2012 Plan”), but is no longer granting awards under this plan.

The following table summarizes stock option activity, including performance-based options, for the year-to-date period ending June 30, 2025:

	Shares Issuable Under Options (in thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding as of September 30, 2024	5,184	\$ 42.67	6.3	\$ 1,416
Granted	1,182	8.62		
Exercised	(11)	8.99		
Forfeited	(88)	20.37		
Expired	(314)	47.98		
Outstanding as of June 30, 2025	<u>5,953</u>	\$ 36.02	6.4	\$ 92
Options vested and expected to vest as of June 30, 2025	<u>5,953</u>	\$ 36.02	6.4	\$ 92
Options exercisable as of June 30, 2025	<u>3,873</u>	\$ 46.84	5.2	\$ 17

Market and Performance-Based Stock Unit Awards

The Company awards both performance share units, or PSUs, and relative total stockholder return units, or rTSRUs, to its executive officers. The number of units granted represents the target number of shares of common stock that may be earned; however, the actual number of shares that may be earned ranges from 0% to 150% of the target number. The number of shares cancelled represents the target number of shares, less any shares that vested. The following table summarizes PSU and rTSRU activity (at target) for the year-to-date period ending June 30, 2025:

	PSUs		rTSRUs	
	Shares (in thousands)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Shares (in thousands)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested as of September 30, 2024	92	\$ 27.98	92	\$ 25.09
Granted	69	20.44	46	8.57
Vested	(68)	47.24	—	—
Cancelled	—	—	(45)	40.32
Unvested as of June 30, 2025	<u>93</u>	\$ 8.47	<u>93</u>	\$ 9.57

Restricted Stock Units

The following table summarizes the restricted stock unit activity for the year-to-date period ending June 30, 2025:

	Restricted Stock Units (in thousands)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested as of September 30, 2024	428	\$ 36.37
Granted	176	8.67
Vested	(146)	41.35
Cancelled	(44)	16.71
Unvested as of June 30, 2025	<u>414</u>	\$ 24.92

Stock-Based Compensation Expense

During the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognized the following stock-based compensation expense:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	(in thousands)			
Research and development	\$ 1,783	\$ 1,738	\$ 4,605	\$ 5,587
General and administrative	2,394	3,679	9,926	13,490
	<u>\$ 4,177</u>	<u>\$ 5,417</u>	<u>\$ 14,531</u>	<u>\$ 19,077</u>

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	(in thousands)			
Stock options	\$ 2,805	\$ 3,632	\$ 9,149	\$ 11,805
Restricted stock units	1,262	1,525	4,011	4,597
rTSRUs	110	260	557	963
Performance stock units	—	—	814	1,712
	<u>\$ 4,177</u>	<u>\$ 5,417</u>	<u>\$ 14,531</u>	<u>\$ 19,077</u>

During the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense for performance-based stock units for which vesting became probable upon achievement of performance-based targets that occurred during the performance period.

As of June 30, 2025, the Company had an aggregate of \$24,193 of unrecognized stock-based compensation cost, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.9 years.

10. Income Taxes

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company recorded an income tax expense of \$29 and an income tax benefit of \$395, respectively. The income tax benefit for the three months ended June 30, 2024 was primarily due to interest earned on the federal income tax refund. The federal income tax refund of \$33,785, inclusive of interest, was received in April 2025.

On July 4, 2025, the U.S. government enacted the One Big Beautiful Bill Act ("OBDDA"), which includes several changes to U.S. federal income tax law, including the temporary and permanent extension of expiring provisions of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. The Company is assessing these impacts on its consolidated financial statements.

11. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation and Contingencies Related to Use of Intellectual Property

From time to time, the Company may become subject to legal proceedings, claims and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. Except as described below, the Company currently is not a party to any material threatened or pending litigation. However, third parties might allege that the Company or its collaborators are infringing their patent rights or that the Company is otherwise violating their intellectual property rights. Such third parties may resort to litigation against the Company or its collaborators, which the Company has agreed to indemnify. With respect to some of these patents, the Company expects that it will be required to obtain licenses and could be required to pay license fees or royalties, or both. These licenses may not be available on acceptable terms, or at all. A costly license, or inability to obtain a necessary license, would have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. The Company accrues contingent liabilities when it is probable that future expenditures will be made and such expenditures can be reasonably estimated.

In June 2022, the Company announced that it filed suit in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts on June 21, 2022, against Pfizer, Inc. seeking damages for infringement of U.S. Patent No. 11,358,953 (the '953 Patent) in the manufacture, use and sale of Pfizer's COVID-19 antiviral, Paxlovid™ (nirmatrelvir tablets; ritonavir tablets). The United States Patent and Trademark Office awarded the '953 Patent to the Company in June 2022 based on the Company's July 2020 patent application describing coronavirus protease inhibitors invented by the Company. The Company is seeking fair compensation for Pfizer's use of a coronavirus protease inhibitor claimed in the '953 patent. In May 2024, the Company and Pfizer each filed motions for summary judgment and a hearing on the motions was held on July 31, 2024. On December 23, 2024, the District Court issued a summary judgment decision ruling that the asserted claims of the '953 Patent were invalid. In its decision, the District Court also denied the Company's partial motion for summary judgment of infringement as moot in light of its allowance of summary judgment on invalidity. On February 3, 2025, the Company filed a notice of appeal with the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. The Company filed its

opening brief with the Federal Circuit on March 21, 2025. On May 21, 2025, Pfizer filed its response brief. The Company filed its reply on June 13, 2025. The timing for a decision on the appeal is currently uncertain. The Company records all legal expenses associated with the patent infringement suit as incurred in the consolidated statements of operations.

Indemnification Agreements

In the ordinary course of business, the Company may provide indemnifications of varying scope and terms to customers, vendors, lessors, business partners, and other parties with respect to certain matters including, but not limited to, losses arising out of breach of such agreements or from services to be provided to the Company, or from intellectual property infringement claims made by third parties. In addition, the Company has entered into indemnification agreements with members of its board of directors and its executive officers that will require the Company, among other things, to indemnify them against certain liabilities that may arise by reason of their status or service as directors or officers. The maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make under these indemnification agreements is, in many cases, unlimited. To date, the Company has not incurred any material costs as a result of such indemnifications. In addition, the Company maintains directors' and officers' insurance coverage. The Company does not believe that the outcome of any claims under indemnification arrangements will have a material effect on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows, and has not accrued any liabilities related to such obligations in its condensed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2025.

Leases

The Company has two real estate leases for properties located in Watertown, Massachusetts. The first lease is for office space located at 400 Talcott Avenue and the second lease is for office and laboratory space located at 4 Kingsbury Avenue.

Future annual minimum facility and equipment lease payments, net of the tenant improvement allowance under the Company's 4 Kingsbury Avenue lease, as of June 30, 2025, are as follows:

Years ended September 30,	(in thousands)	
Remaining fiscal 2025	\$	2,168
2026		8,467
2027		8,721
2028		8,983
2029		9,252
Thereafter		50,595
Total future minimum lease payments		88,186
Less: imputed interest		(29,071)
Less: tenant improvement allowance		(1,065)
Total operating lease liabilities	\$	<u>58,050</u>

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, or Form 10-Q, and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for our fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for that fiscal year, which is referred to as our 2024 Form 10-K. Please refer to our note regarding forward-looking statements on page 2 of this Form 10-Q, which is incorporated herein by this reference.

The Enanta name and logo are our trademarks. This Form 10-Q also includes trademarks, trade names and service marks of other persons. All other trademarks, trade names and service marks appearing in this Form 10-Q are the property of their respective owners.

Overview

We are a biotechnology company that uses our robust, chemistry-driven approach and drug discovery capabilities to discover and develop small molecule drugs for virology and immunology indications.

Virology:

We discovered glecaprevir, the second of two antiviral protease inhibitors developed through our collaboration with AbbVie for the treatment of acute or chronic infection with hepatitis C virus, or HCV. Glecaprevir is co-formulated as part of AbbVie's leading brand of direct-acting antiviral, or DAA, combination treatment for HCV, which has been marketed under the tradenames MAVYRET® (U.S.) and MAVIRET® (ex-U.S.) (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) since 2017.

Our active development programs in virology are focused on respiratory syncytial virus, or RSV, the most common cause of bronchiolitis and pneumonia and leading cause of U.S. hospitalization in young children and a significant cause of respiratory illness in older adults. Estimates suggest that, on average, each year RSV leads to three million hospitalizations globally in children under 5 years old and 177,000 hospitalizations in the U.S. in adults over the age of 65. Populations at high risk for severe RSV infection include infants and young children, adults older than 65 years of age, and those with comorbidities such as chronic heart or lung disease.

We also have development stage programs in virology for the following disease targets:

- SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19, with estimates suggesting that COVID-19 continues to have a disease burden greater than influenza, with hospitalization and death among the elderly and those with comorbidities, persistent symptoms referred to as long COVID, and new variants emerging on a regular basis; and
- Hepatitis B virus, or HBV, the most prevalent chronic hepatitis, which is estimated by the World Health Organization to affect close to 300 million individuals worldwide.

Immunology:

In immunology, we are designing and developing highly potent and selective oral small molecule inhibitors for the treatment of inflammatory disease by targeting key mechanisms of immune response. Our initial focus has been on mechanisms involved in an overactive type 2 immune phenotype, which is part of the immune response upon encountering infections or allergens. An overactive response is a primary driver of a number of inflammatory diseases.

Our initial immunology targets involve the following mechanisms:

- The receptor tyrosine kinase, known as KIT, which is critical for regulating mast cell survival and activation, including release of potent inflammatory mediators such as histamine, which is a primary driver of inflammation in the skin and implicated in multiple allergic diseases; and
- STAT6, a transcription factor uniquely responsible for interleukin-4 (IL-4)/interleukin-13 (IL-13) cell signaling, which drives a type 2 dominant phenotype and downstream inflammation.

These mechanisms are implicated, along with others, in several diseases, and it is not uncommon for an efficacious treatment for one disease to be tested and approved for other immunology indications. We currently plan to focus our initial immunology drug development proof-of-concept efforts on the following disease indications:

- Chronic spontaneous urticaria, or CSU, a severely debilitating, chronic inflammatory skin disease manifested by hives, angioedema, which is swelling of soft tissues, or both, but with no identified triggers, which has an estimated global prevalence of between 0.5% – 1% of the population, resulting in approximately 1.75-3.5 million people with this condition at any given time in the U.S. alone; and

- Atopic dermatitis, or AD, a chronic dermatological disease characterized by dry, red, inflamed, irritated and itchy skin with significant quality of life impacts such as leading a limited lifestyle, avoidance of social interactions and a reduced range of activities, with AD affecting 7.3% of the US adult population, of whom approximately 40% have moderate to severe disease.

As of June 30, 2025, we had \$204.1 million in cash, cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities. Based on our operating plan, we expect that our existing cash, cash equivalents, short-term marketable securities, as well as the cash flows from our retained portion of future HCV royalties, will enable us to fund our operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements into fiscal 2028.

Our Wholly-Owned Programs

Our primary wholly-owned research and development programs are in virology and immunology.

RSV. In virology, we have two clinical stage candidates for RSV – zelicapavir (formerly EDP-938) and EDP-323. Both of these compounds are replication inhibitors that work by shutting down replication and the production of new virions, as opposed to the other mechanism in development of fusion inhibition that only blocks viral entry. Zelicapavir, which has Fast Track designation from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, is a potent inhibitor of the RSV N-protein for both major subgroups of RSV, referred to as RSV-A and RSV-B. Zelicapavir has been studied in two Phase 2 studies, each in a different high-risk patient population. EDP-323, which also has a Fast Track designation from the FDA, is an inhibitor of the RSV L-protein for both major subgroups of RSV that has completed a Phase 2 challenge study. We will evaluate potential partnership opportunities to advance our RSV programs to the next stage of clinical development.

- ***Zelicapavir - N-protein Inhibitor Candidate:*** Zelicapavir is a once-daily, oral, direct-acting antiviral selectively targeting the N-protein that demonstrated statistically significant reductions in RSV viral load and symptoms in a human challenge model, Phase 2 clinical study. Zelicapavir was also tested in another Phase 2 exploratory study of otherwise healthy young adults (not at high risk for serious outcomes with RSV) to understand viral response to treatment in community-acquired RSV infection. With these studies, zelicapavir has demonstrated a favorable safety profile, consistent with that observed in over 500 subjects exposed to zelicapavir to date. We believe that zelicapavir has the greatest potential to show optimal efficacy in high-risk populations since these patients have reduced RSV immunity, which manifests in a higher and longer duration of viral load and greater disease severity, allowing a bigger window to realize the full potential of zelicapavir. Based on its growing safety profile, we are continuing to evaluate zelicapavir in high-risk populations, including pediatric patients and high-risk adults, all of which have significant unmet need:
 - o ***Pediatric Study of Zelicapavir:*** In December 2024, we announced positive topline results from the first-in-pediatrics Phase 2 randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study evaluating zelicapavir in approximately 90 hospitalized and non-hospitalized children aged 28 days to 36 months with RSV. The first part of the study included dose ranging in two different age cohorts, focused on safety and pharmacokinetics (PK), and the second part of the study focused on virology outcomes from a single dose selected from the first part of the study.
 - Zelicapavir demonstrated a favorable safety profile over the 5-day dosing period and through 23 days of follow-up. There were no adverse effects leading to treatment discontinuation or study withdrawal.
 - Zelicapavir achieved target drug exposure levels across all age groups and dosing cohorts. Exposure was similar across cohorts and doses, and all patients received a therapeutic dose. A dose of 5 mg/kg was selected for patients aged ≥ 28 days to <12 months, and a dose of 7.5 mg/kg was selected for patients aged ≥ 12 months to ≤ 36 months.
 - An antiviral effect was observed for the primary and secondary virology endpoints in the overall pooled efficacy population, with the viral load decline peaking at 0.7 log on Day 9 compared to placebo. The primary endpoint for Part 2 of the study showed a more pronounced effect, with a viral load decline of 1.0 log at Day 3 and 1.4 log at Day 5 compared to placebo. Additionally, a rapid and robust antiviral effect was observed in the prespecified subset of patients who were randomized within 3 days of symptom onset, which represents about 40% of patients in the study (n=38/96). In these patients, a viral load decline of 0.9 log at Day 3 and 1.2 log at Day 5 was observed compared to placebo. Furthermore, zelicapavir treatment resulted in a greater proportion of patients having undetectable viral load at Days 5 and 9 compared to placebo and improvements in area under the curve (AUC) of change from baseline for viral load at all timepoints. Qualitative improvement in time to undetectable viral load was observed at early timepoints, although median time to undetectable viral load was similar between groups. Overall, virology results were similar regardless of age or whether patients were enrolled from a hospitalized or outpatient setting.
 - o ***High-Risk Adults Study of Zelicapavir:*** We also have an ongoing Phase 2b study in adults with RSV infection who are at high risk of complications. This includes patients who are older than 65 years of age and/or those who have asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, or COPD, or congestive heart failure. Patients enrolled in the study

were treated with zelicapavir or placebo for five days, with a primary endpoint of time to resolution of RSV lower respiratory tract disease symptoms. Enrollment of 186 patients was completed in May 2025, with topline data expected in September 2025.

- **EDP-323 - L-protein Inhibitor Candidate:** Our second clinical RSV candidate, EDP-323, is an oral, direct-acting antiviral selectively targeting the RSV L-protein, a viral RNA-dependent RNA polymerase enzyme that contains multiple enzymatic activities required for RSV replication. EDP-323 has sub-nanomolar potency against RSV-A and RSV-B *in vitro* and protected mice in a dose-dependent manner from RSV infection as demonstrated by both virological and pathological endpoints. EDP-323 is not expected to have cross-resistance to other classes of inhibitors and has the potential to be used alone, or in combination with other RSV mechanisms, to broaden the treatment window or addressable patient populations.
 - o **Phase 2a Study of EDP-323:** In September 2024, we announced positive topline results for EDP-323 in a Phase 2a challenge study of healthy adults infected with RSV. Treatment with EDP-323 achieved highly statistically significant ($p < 0.0001$) reductions in both viral load and clinical symptoms compared to placebo. Overall, EDP-323 was generally well tolerated and demonstrated a favorable safety profile that was comparable to placebo over 5 days of dosing through Day 28 of follow-up. There were no serious adverse events and no discontinuations of EDP-323.

COVID-19. We leveraged our expertise in developing protease inhibitors to discover compounds specifically designed to target the SARS-CoV-2 virus and potentially other coronaviruses. We selected EDP-235, an oral inhibitor of the coronavirus 3CL protease, also referred to as 3CLpro or the main coronavirus protease, or Mpro, for clinical development. In addition to nanomolar activity against all SARS-CoV-2 variants tested to date, EDP-235 has potent antiviral activity against other human coronaviruses, enabling the potential for a pan-coronavirus treatment, including possibly coronaviruses that may infect human populations in the future. Furthermore, EDP-235 has good tissue distribution, and is projected to have four times higher drug levels in lung tissue compared to plasma.

- **SPRINT Study of EDP-235:** In May 2023, we reported topline results from a Phase 2 clinical trial of EDP-235 in non-hospitalized, symptomatic patients with mild to moderate COVID-19 who were not at increased risk for developing severe disease, which was the only study population permitted by the FDA. EDP-235 met the primary endpoint of the trial and was generally safe and well-tolerated.
 - o A dose-dependent improvement in total symptom score was observed with EDP-235 treatment compared to placebo, which achieved statistical significance ($p < 0.05$) in the 400 mg treatment group at multiple time points, starting as early as one day after the first dose.
 - o An analysis of a subset of six symptoms showed a two-day shorter time (5 days to 3 days) to improvement in patients receiving EDP-235 400 mg who were enrolled within three days of symptom onset ($p < 0.01$).
 - o No effect on virologic endpoints as measured in the nose was detected due to the rapid viral decline in the placebo arm of this highly immunologically-experienced, standard risk population.
 - o In the subset of patients who were nucleocapsid seronegative (indicating no recent natural infection with SARS-CoV-2), a viral load decline was observed at day five in the 400 mg group of 0.8 log overall and 1 log in the patients with symptom onset within three days before treatment with EDP-235.

We will continue to focus on potential collaborations to progress EDP-235, as we will not advance this candidate into Phase 3 studies on our own.

Immunology. We are designing and developing highly potent and selective oral small molecule inhibitors targeting the following mechanisms of immune response:

- **KIT Inhibitors.** We have a preclinical stage program to develop oral KIT inhibitors to treat CSU and potentially other indications by depleting mast cells, thereby addressing a primary driver of these diseases. We have discovered novel, potent and selective oral KIT inhibitors, which are in preclinical development. In the fourth quarter of 2024, we selected our lead development candidate, EPS-1421. This candidate demonstrates potent nanomolar activity in both binding and cellular function assays, with sub-nanomolar activity *in vivo*, and is highly selective for KIT versus other kinases. This inhibitor also demonstrates strong *in vitro* and *in vivo* absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion (ADME) properties. We are conducting scale-up activities and IND-enabling studies for this program in 2025.
- **STAT6 Inhibitors.** We have a discovery stage program to develop an oral STAT6 inhibitor for the treatment of type 2 immune driven diseases, initially focusing on AD and potentially other indications by blocking the IL-4/IL-13 signaling pathway, thereby addressing a primary driver of these diseases. Our prototype inhibitors demonstrate nanomolar potency and high selectivity for STAT6 over other STATs in both biochemical and cellular assays, with good intrinsic

permeability and oral bioavailability. In addition, after a single oral dose, our prototype inhibitors have demonstrated rapid and complete inhibition of phosphorylated STAT6 in a mouse model. We are continuing to evaluate multiple compounds in preclinical studies, including toxicology studies, and conducting lead optimization activities. Our goal is to select a lead development candidate in the second half of 2025.

- We plan to expand our presence in immunology with the introduction of a third program in 2025.

We have utilized our internal chemistry and drug discovery capabilities to generate all of our development-stage programs. We continue to invest substantial resources in research programs to discover compounds targeting new disease areas.

The following table summarizes our product development pipeline in our virology and immunology programs:

	DISEASE	TARGET	DISCOVERY	PRECLINICAL	PHASE 1	PHASE 2	PHASE 3	MARKET	
Virology: Liver	Hepatitis C Virus	Protease	Glecaprevir*					MAVYRET® <small>(glecaprevir/pibrentasvir)</small>	
	Hepatitis B Virus	Core	EDP-514**						
Virology: Respiratory	Respiratory Syncytial Virus	N-Protein	Zelicapavir (EDP-938)			Pediatrics			
			Zelicapavir (EDP-938)			High-Risk Adults			
		L-Protein	EDP-323			(challenge study)			
	COVID-19	3CL Protease	EDP-235**			SPRINT			
Immunology: Type 2 Immune Diseases	Chronic Spontaneous Urticaria***	KIT	EPS-1421						
	Atopic Dermatitis***	STAT6							

*Fixed-dose antiviral combination contains glecaprevir and AbbVie's NS5A inhibitor, pibrentasvir. Marketed by AbbVie as MAVYRET® (U.S.) and MAVIRET® (ex-U.S.).

**Continued development dependent on a future collaboration

***Initial indications. Potential future indications include asthma, chronic inducible urticaria (CIndU), eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE), prurigo nodularis (PN) and others.

Our Royalty Revenue Collaboration and Royalty Sale Agreement

Our royalty revenue is generated through our Collaborative Development and License Agreement with AbbVie, under which we have discovered and out-licensed to AbbVie two protease inhibitor compounds that have been clinically tested, manufactured, and commercialized by AbbVie as part of its combination regimens for HCV.

Glecaprevir is the HCV protease inhibitor we discovered that was developed by AbbVie in a fixed-dose combination with its NS5A inhibitor, pibrentasvir, for the treatment of acute or chronic HCV. This patented combination, currently marketed under the brand names MAVYRET® (U.S.) and MAVIRET® (ex-U.S.), is referred to in this report as MAVYRET/MAVIRET. The first protease inhibitor developed through this collaboration, paritaprevir, is part of AbbVie's initial HCV regimens, which have been almost entirely replaced by MAVYRET/MAVIRET. Since August 2017, substantially all of our royalty revenue has been derived from AbbVie's net sales of MAVYRET/MAVIRET for the treatment of chronic HCV. Our ongoing royalty revenues from this regimen consist of annually tiered, double-digit, per-product royalties on 50% of the calendar year net sales of the 2-DAA glecaprevir/pibrentasvir combination in MAVYRET/MAVIRET. The annual royalty tiers return to the lowest tier for sales on and after each January 1. In June 2025, the FDA approved a label expansion for MAVYRET as the first and only treatment for acute HCV.

In April 2023, we entered into a royalty sale agreement with an affiliate of OMERS, a Canadian public employee pension fund, pursuant to which we were paid a \$200.0 million cash purchase price in exchange for 54.5% of our future quarterly royalty payments on net sales of MAVYRET/MAVIRET, after June 30, 2023, through June 30, 2032, subject to a cap on aggregate payments to OMERS equal to 1.42 times the purchase price.

For accounting purposes, we continue to record 100% of HCV royalties earned under the AbbVie agreement as royalty revenue in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. The \$200.0 million received in April 2023 was recognized on our condensed consolidated balance sheets as a liability, which will be reduced by the payments made to OMERS over the term of the Agreement. We recognize imputed interest expense over the life of the royalty sale agreement based on our estimated future MAVYRET/MAVIRET royalties.

Financial Operations Overview

We are currently funding all research and development for our wholly-owned programs, which are targeted toward the discovery and development of novel compounds. As of the date of this report, we are conducting a Phase 2b study of zelicapavir in high-risk adults, which completed enrollment in May 2025, and have completed a Phase 2b study of zelicapavir in pediatric patients and a Phase 2a human challenge study of EDP-323. We are also conducting preclinical research and discovery efforts in the field of immunology.

As a result of the timing of our clinical and preclinical development programs, we expect our research and development expenses will fluctuate from period to period. However, in the next 12 months, we anticipate a reduction in our external research and development expenses, primarily driven by the timing of clinical trials in our RSV programs. These milestones, along with strategic adjustments, have positioned us to reduce spending in 2025 while maintaining our commitment to advancing key programs.

To date, we have funded our operations primarily through milestone and royalty payments received under our collaboration agreement with AbbVie, a \$200.0 million payment received in April 2023 from our royalty sale agreement, and our existing cash, cash equivalents, and short-term marketable securities. Based on our operating plan, we believe that our existing cash, cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities, as well as the cash flows from our retained portion of future HCV royalties, will enable us to fund our operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements into fiscal 2028.

Revenue

Our revenue is primarily derived from our collaboration agreement with AbbVie and AbbVie's sales of MAVYRET/MAVIRET, an 8-week treatment regimen for HCV.

The following table is a summary of revenue recognized for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	<u>Three Months Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Nine Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Revenue				
Royalty revenue	\$ 18,314	\$ 17,971	\$ 50,199	\$ 53,028
Total revenue	\$ 18,314	\$ 17,971	\$ 50,199	\$ 53,028

(in thousands)

AbbVie Agreement

To date, we have received annually tiered, double-digit royalties on our protease inhibitor product glecaprevir included in AbbVie's net sales of MAVYRET/MAVIRET. Under the terms of our AbbVie Agreement, 50% of AbbVie's net sales of MAVYRET/MAVIRET are allocated to glecaprevir. Beginning with each January 1, the cumulative net sales of MAVYRET/MAVIRET start at zero for purposes of calculating the tiered royalties. As disclosed above regarding the OMERS royalty sale agreement, we only retain 45.5% of the cash payments from royalties on net sales of MAVYRET/MAVIRET occurring after June 30, 2023 through June 30, 2032, subject to a cap on aggregate payments to OMERS equal to 1.42 times OMERS' purchase price.

Internal Programs

As our internal product candidates are currently in clinical or preclinical development, we have not generated any revenue from our own product sales. We do not expect to generate any revenue from product sales derived from these product candidates for at least the next several years.

Operating Expenses

Our operating expenses are comprised of research and development expenses and general and administrative expenses.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses consist of costs incurred to conduct basic research, such as the discovery and development of novel small molecules as therapeutics, as well as any external expenses of preclinical and clinical development activities. We expense all costs of research and development as incurred. These expenses consist primarily of:

- third-party contract costs relating to research, formulation, manufacturing, preclinical study, and clinical trial activities;
- personnel costs, including salaries, related benefits, and stock-based compensation for employees engaged in scientific research and development functions;
- allocated facility-related costs;
- laboratory consumables; and
- third-party license fees.

At any given time, we have later stage programs in clinical development as well as several active early-stage research and drug discovery projects. Our internal resources, employees and infrastructure are utilized across multiple projects, including our early-stage discovery projects. As such, we report information regarding costs incurred based on our programs (i.e., disease area) rather than on a project specific basis. All indirect costs are allocated to programs based on headcount and square footage of our facilities. We expect that our research and development expenses will fluctuate from period to period as we advance our research and development programs. However, in the next 12 months, we anticipate a reduction in our external research and development expenses, primarily driven by the timing of clinical trials in our RSV programs. These milestones, along with strategic adjustments, have positioned us to reduce spending in 2025 while maintaining our commitment to advancing key programs. To date, we have not identified any significant impact of inflation on spending in research and development, but it is uncertain whether there will be inflationary impacts, including as a result of tariffs, in future periods.

Our research and drug discovery and development programs are in early stages; therefore, the successful development of our product candidates is highly uncertain and may not result in approved products. Completion dates and completion costs can vary significantly for each product candidate and are difficult to predict. Given the uncertainty associated with clinical trial enrollments and the risks inherent in the development process, we are unable to determine the duration and completion costs of the current or future clinical trials of our product candidates or if, or to what extent, we will generate revenue from the commercialization and sale of any of our product candidates. We anticipate that we will make determinations as to which development programs to pursue and how much funding to direct to each program on an ongoing basis in response to the preclinical and clinical success and prospects of each product candidate, as well as ongoing assessments of the commercial potential of each product candidate.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel costs, which include salaries, related benefits and stock-based compensation, of our executive, finance, business and corporate development and other administrative functions. General and administrative expenses also include travel expenses, allocated facility-related costs not otherwise included in research and development expenses, directors' and officers' liability insurance premiums, professional fees for auditing, tax, and legal services, patent expenses and litigation expenses associated with prosecuting our patent infringement suit.

We expect that general and administrative expenses may increase in the long term. To date we have not experienced a significant impact of inflation on general and administrative expenses, but we anticipate inflation may impact future periods.

Other Income (Expense)

Other income (expense) consists of interest expense, interest and investment income, net and the change in fair value of our outstanding Series 1 nonconvertible preferred stock. Interest expense consists of the interest expense and amortization of debt issuance costs associated with the royalty sale agreement with an affiliate of OMERS. Interest income consists of interest earned on our cash equivalents and marketable securities balances. Investment income consists of the amortization or accretion of any purchased premium or discount, respectively, on our marketable securities. The change in fair value of our Series 1 nonconvertible preferred stock relates to the remeasurement of these financial instruments from period to period as these instruments may require a transfer of assets because of the liquidation preference features of the underlying instrument.

Income Tax (Expense) Benefit

Income tax (expense) benefit is based on our best estimate of taxable net income (loss), applicable income tax rates, net research and development tax credits and carryforwards, net operating loss carrybacks and interest earned on such refunds, changes in valuation allowance estimates and deferred income taxes.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Three Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
	(in thousands)	
Revenue	\$ 18,314	\$ 17,971
Research and development	27,210	28,742
General and administrative	9,997	13,414
Interest expense	(1,618)	(2,355)
Interest and investment income, net	2,285	3,487
Income tax (expense) benefit	(29)	395
Net loss	<u>\$ (18,255)</u>	<u>\$ (22,658)</u>

Revenue

We recognized revenue of \$18.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to \$18.0 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024. The \$0.3 million increase in revenue was primarily due to AbbVie's higher reported HCV sales as compared to the same period in 2024.

Our royalty revenues eligible to be earned in the future will depend on AbbVie's HCV market share, the pricing of the MAVYRET/MAVIRET regimen, the number of patients treated and the effect of the label expansion for MAVYRET in the United States for the treatment of patients with acute HCV. In addition, at the beginning of each calendar year (the second quarter of our fiscal year), our royalty rate resets to the lowest tier for each of our royalty-bearing products licensed to AbbVie.

Beginning with the quarter ended September 30, 2023, 54.5% of our quarterly royalty payments on net sales of MAVYRET/MAVIRET that are included in our total revenue are paid to OMERS through June 30, 2032, subject to a cap on aggregate payments equal to 1.42 times the purchase price. The \$200.0 million received in April 2023 was recognized on our condensed consolidated balance sheets as a liability which will be reduced by the payments made to OMERS over the term of the royalty sale agreement. We will continue to record 100% of HCV royalties earned under the AbbVie Agreement as royalty revenue in our condensed consolidated statements of operations since the AbbVie Agreement has not been amended and is independent of our agreement with OMERS.

Research and development expenses

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
	(in thousands)	
R&D programs:		
<i>Virology</i>		
RSV	\$ 15,412	\$ 17,935
COVID-19	88	(112)
HBV	49	67
<i>Total Virology</i>	<u>\$ 15,549</u>	<u>\$ 17,890</u>
<i>Immunology</i>		
KIT	4,057	5,753
STAT6	4,678	1,886
<i>Total Immunology</i>	<u>\$ 8,735</u>	<u>\$ 7,639</u>
<i>Other Programs</i>		
Early discovery	2,895	3,121
Other programs for out-licensing	31	92
<i>Total Other Programs</i>	<u>\$ 2,926</u>	<u>\$ 3,213</u>
Total research and development expenses	<u>\$ 27,210</u>	<u>\$ 28,742</u>

Research and development expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2025 decreased by \$1.5 million compared to the same period in 2024.

Virology

The costs in our virology programs decreased by \$2.3 million primarily due to the timing of clinical trials in our RSV programs.

Immunology

The costs in our immunology programs increased by \$1.1 million primarily due to the ongoing preclinical studies and lead optimization activities for our STAT6 program.

Other Programs

Other program costs decreased by \$0.3 million primarily due to the completion of the discovery-stage activities related to our STAT6 program.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$3.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the same period in 2024. The change was primarily due to a decrease in legal expenses related to our patent infringement suit against Pfizer.

Other income (expense)

Changes in components of other income (expense) were as follows:

Interest expense

Interest expense decreased by \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024 due to the paydown of our obligation associated with our royalty sale agreement entered into during April 2023 with an affiliate of OMERS.

Interest and investment income, net

Interest and investment income, net, decreased by \$1.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. The decrease was due to lower cash and investment balances year over year.

Income tax (expense) benefit

The income tax expense during the three months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily due to state income taxes. The income tax benefit during the three months ended June 30, 2024 related to interest recorded on our \$33.8 million federal tax refund, which we received in April 2025.

On July 4, 2025, the U.S. government enacted the One Big Beautiful Bill Act ("OBBBA"), which includes several changes to U.S. federal income tax law, including the temporary and permanent extension of expiring provisions of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. The Company is assessing these impacts on its consolidated financial statements.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Nine Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
	(in thousands)	
Revenue	\$ 50,199	\$ 53,028
Research and development	82,931	100,698
General and administrative	34,231	44,167
Interest expense	(5,294)	(8,359)
Interest and investment income, net	7,376	11,594
Income tax benefit	1,692	1,380
Net loss	<u>\$ (63,189)</u>	<u>\$ (87,222)</u>

Revenue

We recognized revenue of \$50.2 million during the nine months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to \$53.0 million during the nine months ended June 30, 2024. The \$2.8 million decrease in revenue was primarily due to AbbVie's lower reported HCV sales as compared to the same period in 2024.

Research and development expenses

	Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
	(in thousands)	
R&D programs:		
<i>Virology</i>		
RSV	\$ 51,620	\$ 67,936
COVID-19	504	3,871
HBV	125	239
<i>Total Virology</i>	\$ 52,249	\$ 72,046
<i>Immunology</i>		
KIT	11,902	13,873
STAT6	10,670	2,462
<i>Total Immunology</i>	\$ 22,572	\$ 16,335
<i>Other Programs</i>		
Early discovery	7,955	11,799
Other programs for out-licensing	155	518
<i>Total Other Programs</i>	\$ 8,110	\$ 12,317
Total research and development expenses	\$ 82,931	\$ 100,698

Research and development expenses for the nine months ended June 30, 2025 decreased by \$17.8 million compared to the same period in 2024.

Virology

The costs in our virology programs decreased by \$19.8 million primarily due to the timing of our clinical trials in our RSV programs and, to a lesser extent, a decrease in costs associated with our COVID-19 program as we stopped further internal development and will only progress the program in the context of one or more collaborations.

Immunology

The costs in our immunology programs increased by \$6.2 million primarily due to the initiation of preclinical studies and lead optimization activities for our STAT6 program.

Other Programs

Other program costs decreased by \$4.2 million primarily due to the completion of the discovery-stage activities related to our STAT6 program.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$9.9 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the same period in 2024. The change was primarily due to a decrease in legal expenses related to our patent infringement suit against Pfizer.

Other income (expense)

Changes in components of other income (expense) were as follows:

Interest expense

Interest expense decreased by \$3.1 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024 due to the paydown of our obligation associated with our royalty sale agreement entered into during April 2023 with an affiliate of OMERS.

Interest and investment income, net

Interest and investment income, net, decreased by \$4.2 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. The decrease was due to lower cash and investment balances year over year.

Income tax benefit

The income tax benefit during the nine months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily due to an additional federal tax refund from a net operating loss carryback of \$0.9 million. The income tax benefit during the nine months ended June 30, 2024 related to interest recorded on our federal tax refund. We received our federal tax refund of \$33.8 million in April 2025.

On July 4, 2025, the U.S. government enacted the OBBBA, which includes several changes to U.S. federal income tax law, including the temporary and permanent extension of expiring provisions of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. The Company is assessing the impact of these changes on its consolidated financial statements.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We fund our operations with cash flows from our retained portion of our royalty revenue and our existing financial resources. At June 30, 2025, our principal sources of liquidity were cash and cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities of \$204.1 million.

The following table shows a summary of our cash flows:

	Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
	(in thousands)	
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities	\$ (12,783)	\$ (68,364)
Investing activities	38,051	39,162
Financing activities	(18,297)	(20,411)
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	<u>\$ 6,971</u>	<u>\$ (49,613)</u>

Net cash used in operating activities

Cash used in operating activities was \$12.8 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to cash used in operating activities of \$68.4 million for the same period in 2024. Our cash used in operating activities decreased \$55.6 million primarily due to lower research and development payments and receipt of a \$33.8 million income tax refund in April 2025, offset by lower cash receipts associated with our AbbVie agreement.

Net cash provided by investing activities

Cash provided by investing activities was \$38.1 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to cash provided by investing activities of \$39.2 million for the same period in 2024. Our cash provided by investing activities decreased \$1.1 million, driven by the timing of maturities of marketable securities in 2025 compared to 2024.

Net cash used in financing activities

Cash used in financing activities was \$18.3 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to cash used in financing activities of \$20.4 million for the same period in 2024. Our cash used in financing activities decreased \$2.1 million, driven primarily by lower payments on our royalty sale agreement with OMERS.

Funding Requirements

As of June 30, 2025, we had \$204.1 million in cash, cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities. Based on our operating plan, we believe that our existing cash, cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities as of June 30, 2025, as well as our retained portion of future HCV royalties, will enable us to fund our operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements into fiscal 2028. However, our projection of the period of time through which our financial resources will be adequate to support our operations is a forward-looking statement that involves risks and uncertainties, and actual results could vary materially.

Our future capital requirements are difficult to forecast and will depend on many factors, including:

- the number and characteristics of our research and development programs;
- the scope, progress, results and costs of researching and developing our product candidates on our own, including conducting advanced clinical trials;
- our ability to establish new collaborations, licensing or other arrangements, if any, and the financial terms of such arrangements;
- the amount of our retained portion of royalties generated from MAVYRET/MAVIRET sales under our existing collaboration with AbbVie;
- delays and additional expenses in our clinical trials;

- the cost of manufacturing our product candidates for clinical development and any products we successfully commercialize independently;
- opportunities to in-license or otherwise acquire new technologies and therapeutic candidates;
- costs associated with prosecuting our patent infringement suit regarding use of a coronavirus 3CL protease inhibitor in Paxlovid, Pfizer's antiviral treatment for COVID-19;
- the timing of, and the costs involved in, obtaining regulatory approvals for any product candidates we develop independently;
- the cost of commercialization activities, if any, of any product candidates we develop independently that are approved for sale, including marketing, sales and distribution costs;
- the timing and amount of any sales of our product candidates, if any, or royalties thereon;
- the costs involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining, defending and enforcing patents, including any litigation costs and the outcomes of any such litigation; and
- potential fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not engage in any off-balance sheet financing activities. We do not have any interest in entities referred to as variable interest entities, which include special purpose entities and other structured finance entities.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

Facility Leases

As of the date of this report, we lease space in Watertown, Massachusetts, under two separate lease agreements with one landlord.

In May 2022, we entered into a ten-year lease for new laboratory and office space in Watertown, Massachusetts, adjacent to our 400 Talcott Avenue premises at Arsenal on the Charles at 4 Kingsbury Avenue since our lease for office and laboratory space at 500 Arsenal Street was to expire on September 1, 2027. The construction of the facility shell was completed and we gained access to the building to construct tenant improvements during the three months ended March 31, 2024. Upon gaining access to the 4 Kingsbury Avenue building, we capitalized a right-of-use asset and lease liability of approximately \$32 million on our consolidated balance sheets which reflects our fixed base rent payments, net of approximately \$15 million of a tenant improvement allowance provided by the landlord, over the 10-year term of the lease. The 4 Kingsbury Avenue lease ends on September 30, 2034.

In conjunction with the commencement of our lease at 4 Kingsbury Avenue, during the three months ended March 31, 2024, we adjusted our 500 Arsenal Street lease liability to shorten the expiration date from September 2027 to the date the 4 Kingsbury Avenue building became ready for our occupancy. This resulted in a decrease in the lease liability and right-of-use asset on our consolidated balance sheets by approximately \$9.0 million. The rent commencement date for our 4 Kingsbury Avenue lease was September 12, 2024, and we moved into the space in November 2024, at which time our lease at 500 Arsenal Street expired.

The second lease for office space located at 400 Talcott Avenue commenced on September 24, 2018 for a term of six years. In May 2022, we amended this lease to expand the rented space and extend the lease term through June 1, 2034. We spent approximately \$6.3 million in capital expenditures for the additional space, which primarily relate to tenant improvements. We received a tenant improvement allowance from the landlord of \$2.5 million. In July 2024, we amended our lease agreement to confirm alignment with the lease end date of our 4 Kingsbury Avenue lease at September 30, 2034.

Total estimated minimum lease payments for the next 5 years and thereafter under our existing facility and leased equipment agreements are \$2.2 million for the remainder of 2025, \$8.5 million in 2026, \$8.7 million in 2027, \$9.0 million in 2028, \$9.3 million in 2029, and \$50.6 million thereafter.

OMERS Agreement

In April 2023, we entered into a royalty sale agreement with an affiliate of OMERS, pursuant to which we were paid a \$200.0 million cash purchase price in exchange for 54.5% of our future quarterly royalty payments on net sales of MAVYRET/MAVIRET after June 30, 2023, through June 30, 2032, subject to a cap on aggregate payments equal to 1.42 times the purchase price.

The \$200.0 million received in April 2023 was recognized on our condensed consolidated balance sheets as a liability which will be reduced by the payments made to OMERS over the term of the Agreement.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue, costs and expenses, and related disclosures. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis. Our actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions. See our 2024 Form 10-K for information about our critical accounting policies as well as a description of our other significant accounting policies. There have been no significant changes to our critical accounting policies since the beginning of this fiscal year.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

A description of recently issued accounting pronouncements that may potentially impact our financial position and results of operations is set forth in Note 2 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

During the nine months ended June 30, 2025, there were no material changes to our market risk disclosures as set forth in Part II, Item 7A “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures and Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

Our management, with the participation of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based on this evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures are effective and designed to ensure that the information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the requisite time periods.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II —OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Information with respect to legal proceedings is included in Note 11 of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, which is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Our business faces significant risks and uncertainties. Certain factors may have a material adverse effect on our business prospects, financial condition and results of operations, and you should carefully consider them. Accordingly, in evaluating our business, we encourage you to consider the detailed discussion of risk factors included in our 2024 Form 10-K.

There have been no material changes to such risk factors during the quarter ended June 30, 2025. Other events that we do not currently anticipate or that we currently deem immaterial may also affect our business, prospects, financial condition and results of operations.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangements. During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Exchange Act) of the Company set forth below adopted or terminated a “Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement” as that term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K, all of which were entered into during an open trading window in accordance with the Company’s Securities Trading Policy and all of which were intended to satisfy Rule 10b5-1(c).

- On April 16, 2025, Paul J. Mellett, our Chief Financial and Administrative Officer, terminated a previously adopted Rule 10b5-1 trading plan. The plan was originally adopted on June 14, 2024 and scheduled to run through May 30, 2025. No trades were executed under the plan.
- On June 10, 2025, Jay R. Luly, Ph.D., our President, Chief Executive Officer and Director, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan providing for the sale of up to 110,000 and 80,000 shares of common stock vested under outstanding stock options, which are set to expire on November 20, 2025 and November 18, 2026, respectively, so long as the market price of our common stock is higher than certain minimum threshold prices specified in the plan in various periods between September 9, 2025 and May 29, 2026, or such earlier date as all authorized sales under the plan are completed.

Except as set forth above, no director or officer (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Exchange Act) of the Company adopted or terminated a “Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement” or “non-rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement,” as each term is defined in item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Incorporated by Reference				Filed Herewith
		Form	Date	Exhibit Number	File Number	
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Enanta Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	8-K	03/28/2013	3.1	001-35839	
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Enanta Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (as amended and restated in August 2015)	8-K	08/18/2015	3.2	001-35839	
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.	—	—	—	—	X
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.	—	—	—	—	X
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	—	—	—	—	X
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - The instance document does not appear in the interactive data file because its XBRL tags are embedded within the inline XBRL document					X
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema with embedded Linkbases document					X
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL with applicable Taxonomy Extension information contained in Exhibit 101).					X

ENANTA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ENANTA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Date: August 13, 2025

/s/ Paul J. Mellett

Paul J. Mellett

Chief Financial and Administrative Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Jay R. Luly, Ph.D., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Enanta Pharmaceuticals, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 13, 2025

/s/ Jay R. Luly, Ph.D.

Jay R. Luly, Ph.D.

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, Paul J. Mellett, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Enanta Pharmaceuticals, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 13, 2025

/s/ Paul J. Mellett

Paul J. Mellett

Chief Financial and Administrative Officer

ENANTA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

**Certification of Periodic Financial Report
Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

Each of the undersigned officers of Enanta Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Enanta") certifies, to his knowledge and solely for the purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Enanta for the quarter ended June 30, 2025 (the "Form 10-Q") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Enanta.

Dated: August 13, 2025

By: /s/ Jay R. Luly, Ph.D.
Jay R. Luly, Ph.D.
President and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: August 13, 2025

By: /s/ Paul J. Mellett
Paul J. Mellett
Chief Financial and Administrative Officer
